

UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

DATE MAILED: 05/25/2006

APPLICATION NO.	FILI	NG DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/760,209	01	/21/2004	Kia Silverbrook	MPA17US	1357
24011	7590 05/25/2006			EXAMINER	
-		EARCH PTY LT	UHLENHAKE, JASON S		
393 DARLIN BALMAIN,	NG STREE NSW 20			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
AUSTRALI				2853	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)	
		10/760,209	SILVERBROOK ET AL.	
	Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
		Jason Uhlenhake	2853	
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATES of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. In period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing and patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from , cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication. D (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status				
2a)⊠	Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 M. This action is FINAL . 2b) This Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Dispositi	on of Claims			
5)□ 6)⊠ 7)□	Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-6</u> is/are rejected. Claim(s) is/are objected to. Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or			
Applicati	on Papers			
10)⊠	The specification is objected to by the Examine The drawing(s) filed on <u>21 January 2004</u> is/are: Applicant may not request that any objection to the Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	a) \square accepted or b) \square objected drawing(s) be held in abeyance. Section is required if the drawing(s) is object.	e 37 CFR 1.85(a). jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority u	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119			
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority application from the International Bureausee the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati rity documents have been receive u (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No ed in this National Stage	
Attachmen	t(s) e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) 🔲 Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
2)	te of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da		

Application/Control Number: 10/760,209

Art Unit: 2853

DETAILED ACTION

Response to Amendment

Applicant's request for reconsideration of the finality of the rejection of the last Office action is persuasive and, therefore, the finality of that action is withdrawn.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1 – 3, 6 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being obvious over Silverbrook (U.S. Pat. 7,021,843) in view of Silverbrook (U.S. Pat. 6,916,082)

The applied reference has a common inventor with the instant application.

Based upon the earlier effective U.S. filing date of the reference, it constitutes prior art only under 35 U.S.C. 102(e). This rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) might be overcome by: (1) a showing under 37 CFR 1.132 that any invention disclosed but not claimed in the reference was derived from the inventor of this application and is thus not an invention "by another"; (2) a showing of a date of invention for the claimed subject matter of the application which corresponds to subject matter disclosed but not claimed in the reference, prior to the effective U.S. filing date of the reference under 37 CFR 1.131; or (3) an oath or declaration under 37 CFR 1.130 stating that the application and

Application/Control Number: 10/760,209

Art Unit: 2853

reference are currently owned by the same party and that the inventor named in the application is the prior inventor under 35 U.S.C. 104, together with a terminal disclaimer in accordance with 37 CFR 1.321(c). This rejection might also be overcome by showing that the reference is disqualified under 35 U.S.C. 103(c) as prior art in a rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103(a). See MPEP § 706.02(l)(1) and § 706.02(l)(2).

Page 3

Silverbrook ('843) discloses:

- regarding claim 1, at least one printhead module comprising at least two separate printhead integrated circuits, each of the printhead integrated circuits having nozzles formed therein for delivering printing fluid onto the surface of print media, an elongate support member supporting the at least two printhead integrated circuits (Column 12, Lines 51 65; Column 13, Lines 52 67; Column 11, Lines 4 5); and an electrical connector for connecting electrical signals to the at least two printhead integrated circuits (Column 2, Lines 60 67; Column 12, Lines 50 65)
- **regarding claim 2,** wherein the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of two printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected for controlling each group of two printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector (Figures 12 13; Column 13, Lines 58 67)
- regarding claim 3, wherein the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of four printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected for controlling each group of four printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector (Figures 12 13; Column 13, Lines 58 67)

Application/Control Number: 10/760,209

Art Unit: 2853

- **regarding claim 6,** at least on printhead module formed as a unitary arrangement of at least two printhead integrated circuits (Column 13, Lines 58 - 67)

Page 4

Silverbrook ('843) does not disclose expressly the following:

- regarding claim 1, drive electronics incorporating at least one controller arranged to control the printing operation of a selectable number of the at least two printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector; casing in which the at least one printhead module and the drive electronics are removably mounted, the at least one printhead module being removably mounted to the casing at the elongate support member
- regarding claim 6, support member, at least one fluid distribution
 member mounting the at least two printhead integrated circuits to the support member
 and an electrical connector
- the support member has at least one longitudinally extending channel for carrying the printing fluid for the printhead integrated circuits, plurality of apertures extending through a wall of the support member arranged so as to direct the printing fluid from the at least one channel to associated nozzles in both, or if more than two, all of the printhead integrated circuits by way of respective ones of the fluid distribution members

Silverbrook et al ('082) discloses:

- regarding claim 1, drive electronics incorporating at least one controller arranged to control the printing operation of a selectable number of the at least two printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector (Column 5, Lines 7 - 18); casing

in which the at least one printhead module and the drive electronics are removably mounted (Column 6, Lines 36 - 40) the at least one printhead module being removably mounted to the casing at the elongate support member, for the purpose of replacing any defective modules, and the purpose of controlling the printhead modules.

- **regarding claim 6,** support member, at least one fluid distribution member mounting the at least two printhead integrated circuits to the support member (Column 2, Lines 55 62; Column 3, Lines 1 15), and an electrical connector (Column 2, Lines 35 38), for the purpose of providing support for an ink supply device for supplying ink to a printhead chip.
- the support member has at least one longitudinally extending channel (62 of Figure 1) for carrying the printing fluid for the printhead integrated circuits (Column 3, Lines 1 15), plurality of apertures extending through a wall of the support member arranged so as to direct the printing fluid from the at least one channel to associated nozzles in both, or if more than two, all of the printhead integrated circuits by way of respective ones of the fluid distribution members (Column 2, Lines 40 43; Column 3, Lines 1 15), for the purpose of providing support for an ink supply device for supplying ink to a printhead chip.

At the time the invention was made it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of drive electronics incorporating at least one controller arranged to control the printing operation of a selectable number of the at least two printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector; casing in which the at least one printhead module and the drive electronics are removably mounted, the

at least one printhead module being removably mounted to the casing at the elongate support member; support member, at least one fluid distribution member mounting the at least two printhead integrated circuits to the support member and an electrical connector; the support member has at least one longitudinally extending channel for carrying the printing fluid for the printhead integrated circuits, plurality of apertures extending through a wall of the support member arranged so as to direct the printing fluid from the at least one channel to associated nozzles in both, or if more than two, all of the printhead integrated circuits by way of respective ones of the fluid distribution members as taught by Silverbrook ('082) into the device of Silverbrook ('843). The motivation for doing so would have been to provide an ink supply device for supplying ink to a printhead chip, the purpose of replacing any defective modules, and the purpose of controlling the printhead modules.

Claims 4 and 5 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Silverbrook (U.S. Pat. 7,021,843) in view of Silverbrook (U.S. Pat. 6,916,082).

Silverbrook ('843) in view of Silverbrook ('082) discloses the claimed invention except for the following:

- regarding claim 4, wherein the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of eight printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected for controlling each group of eight printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of eight printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected

for controlling each group of sixteen printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art, for the purpose of improving the quality of printing. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 93 USPQ 8.

regarding claim 5, the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of sixteen printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected for controlling each group of sixteen printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector. It would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to implement the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of sixteen printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected for controlling each group of sixteen printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector, since it has been held that mere duplication of the essential working parts of a device involves only routine skill in the art, for the purpose of improving the quality of printing. St. Regis Paper Co. v. Bemis Co., 93 USPQ 8.

At the time the invention was made, it would have been obvious to a person of ordinary skill in the art to incorporate the teaching of the at least one printhead module comprises one or more groups of eight and sixteen printhead integrated circuits and a single controller is selected for controlling each group of eight and sixteen printhead integrated circuits via the electrical connector as taught by Silverbrook ('843) in view of Silverbrook ('082). The motivation for doing so would have been to improve the quality of printing.

Response to Arguments

Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 1 - 6 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection. Please see the rejections regarding Silverbrook ('843), in view of Silverbrook ('082). They disclose at least one printhead module comprising at least two separate printhead integrated circuits, each of the printhead integrated circuits having nozzles formed therein for delivering printing fluid

Conclusion

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Application/Control Number: 10/760,209 Page 9

Art Unit: 2853

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Jason Uhlenhake whose telephone number is (571) 272-5916. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 8-5.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Stephen Meier can be reached on (571) 272-2149. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

JSU May 15, 200g

PRIMARY EXAMINER